

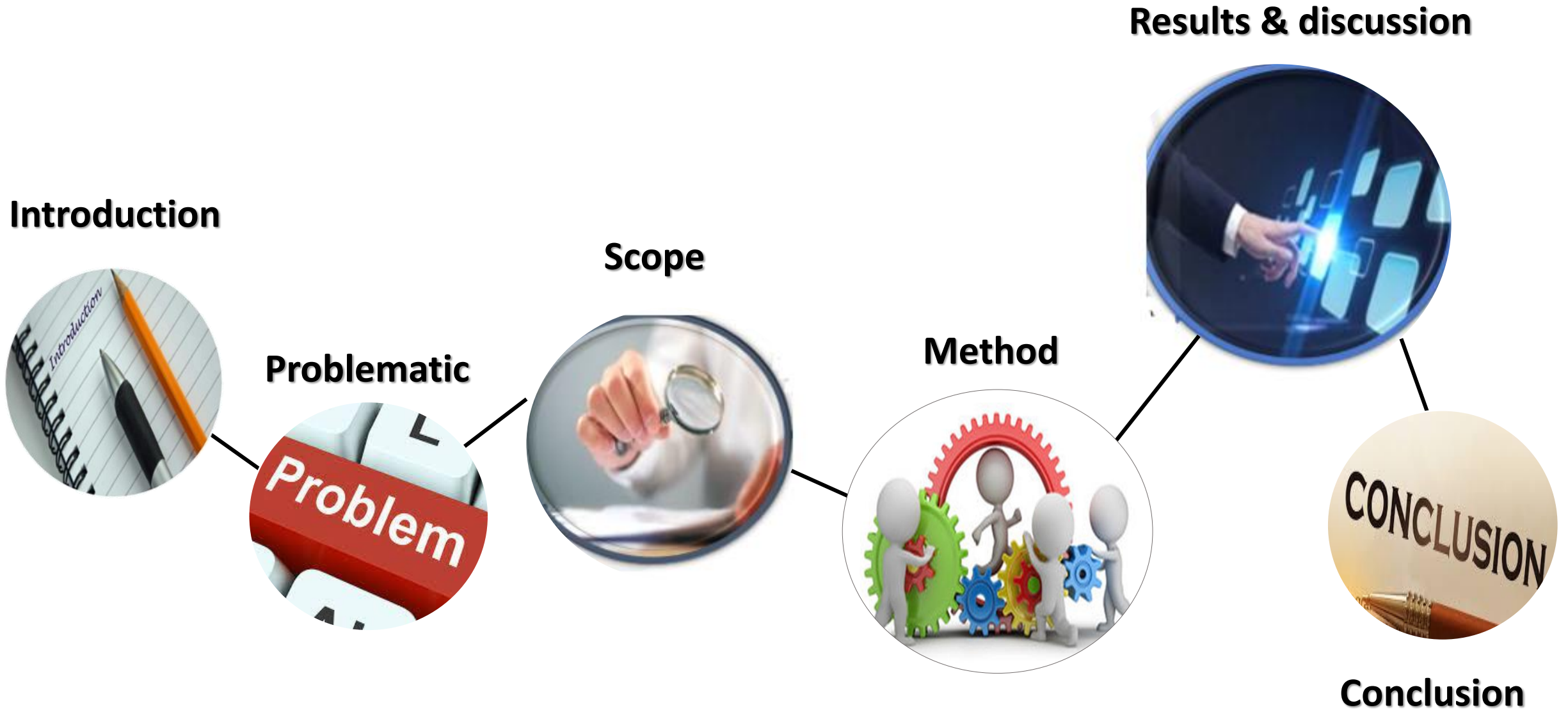
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**Spatial distribution of Major, Minor and trace element in
semi-arid land of western Algeria**

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Outline



Introduction

Soil Is A Key Natural Resource Which Supports Life And Is A Major Prerequisite For Sustainable Development In Terrestrial Environments.

Characterization

Establish quality

- 1. Bioavailability
- 2. pollution,
- 3. nutrient deficiencies Or excesses

predict

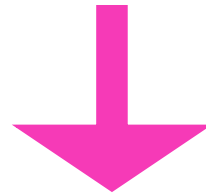
impacts on food chains and geo-eco-systems



Both **deficiencies** Or **excesses**

Scope

The aim of this work is the determination of the geochemical baseline values of major, minor and trace elements in agriculture soil with an emphasis on geology, anthropogenic inputs and other physico-chemical properties



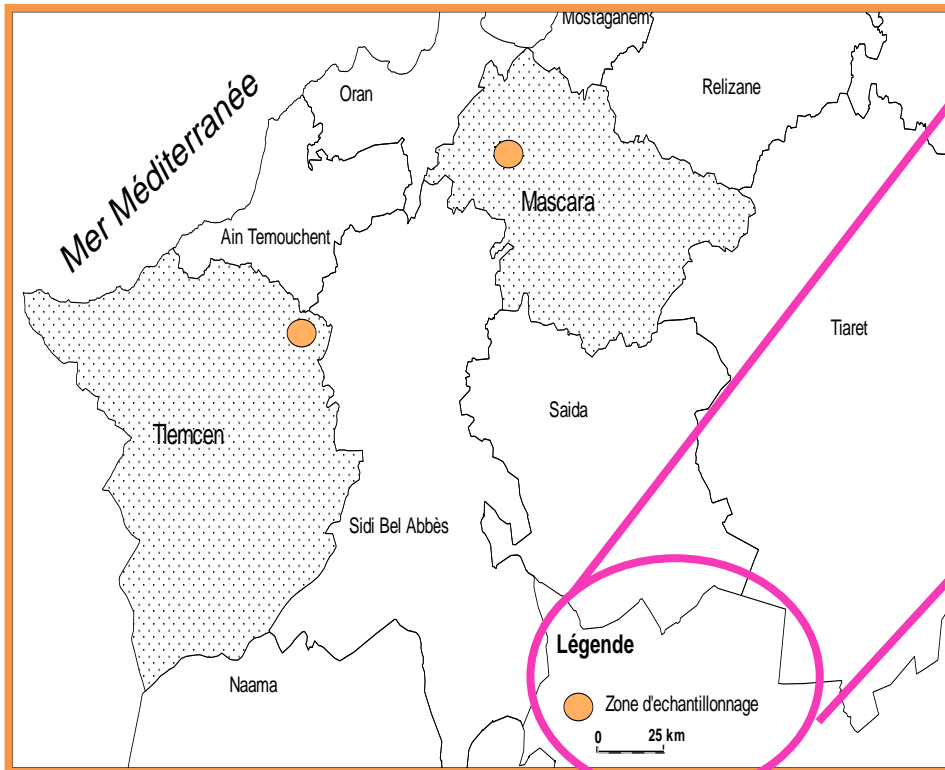
Assesse the ecological risk



Material & Method

Study Area

Agriculture soil in small watershed located approximately 40 km east of the city of Tlemcen in the North-West of Algeria.



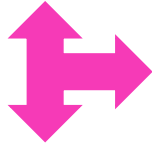
A total of **25 soil samples** were collected manually at 04 points to depths 0–5, 5–10, 10–15, 15–20, 20–25 and 25–30 cm

Approach

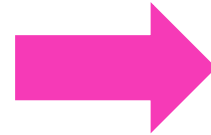
Sample preparation



Samples were dried at 105°C during 24 hours



grinded & sieved < 2 mm



Pressurized under 18 tons



To obtain homogeneous pellets



Approach

└─→ Analysis

ED-XRF Equipment



ORTEC type Si (Li) semiconductor detector with an energy resolution of 165eV at 5.9 keV line.

WD-XRF Equipment

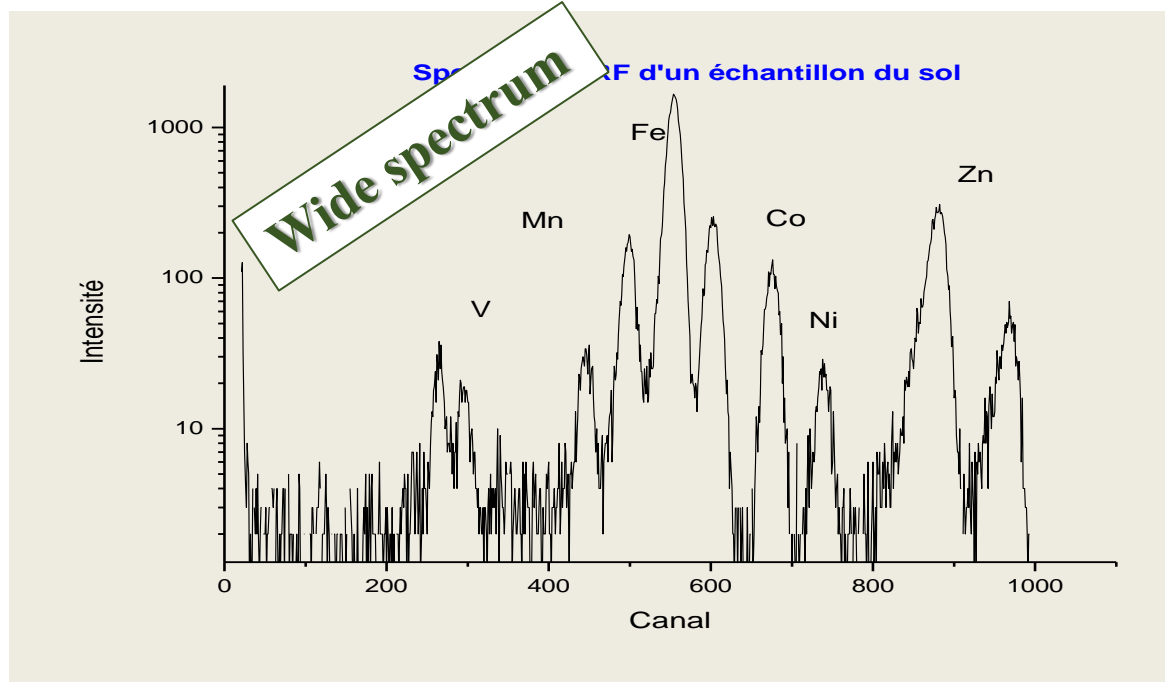


Magix Pro type X-ray fluorescence spectrometer (Panalytical ex. Philips)

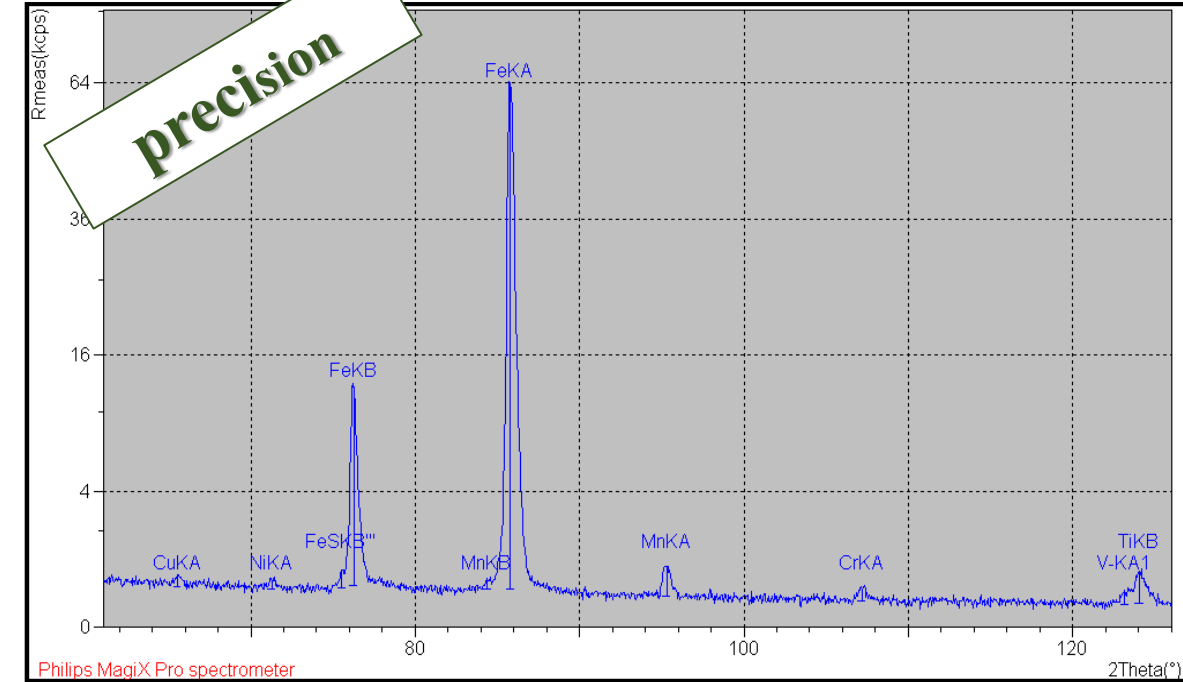
Results & Discussion

Qualitative Analysis

ED-XRF Spectrum



WD-XRF Spectrum



The two techniques were combined in our work to obtain low detection limit for trace element in soil



More 23 minor major and trace element were detected.

Results & Discussion

Quantitative Analysis

The quantification of these elements required the use of reference standards Soil -7 provided by IAEA (International Atomic Energy Agency).

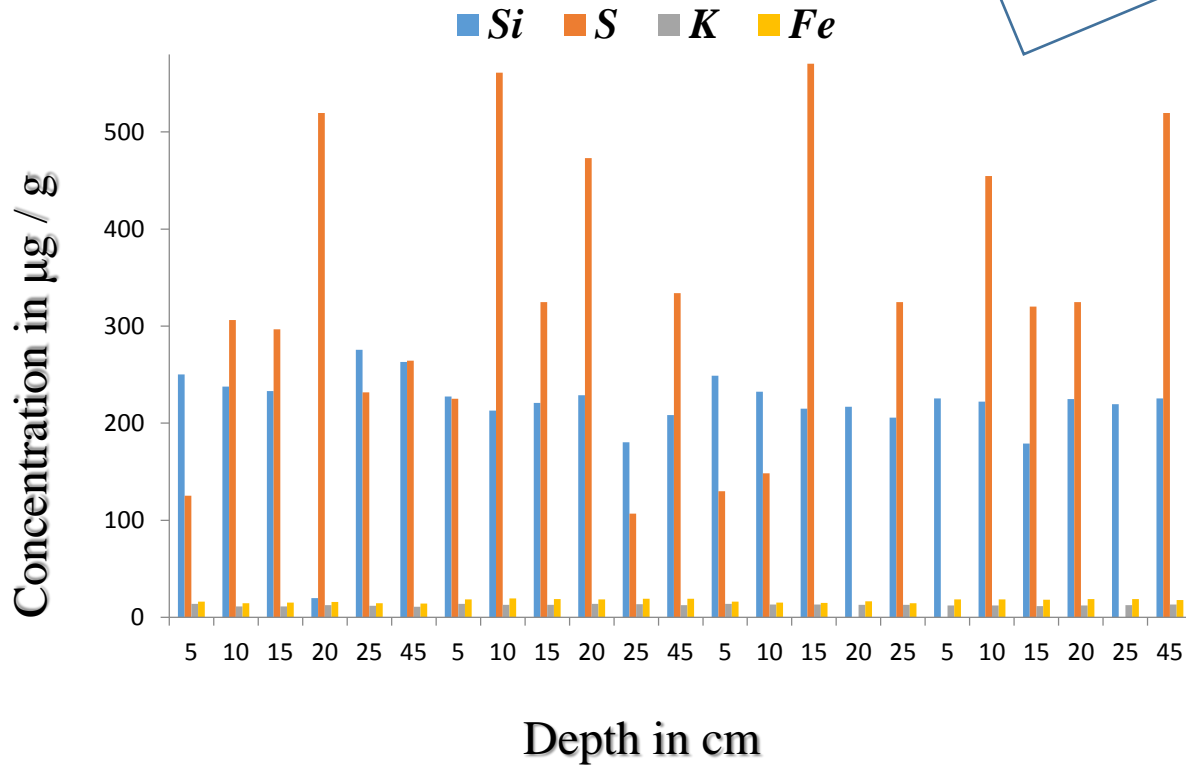
The Concentration was calculated using external standards according :

$$\frac{I_x}{I_{st}} = \frac{C_x}{C_{st}}$$

Results & Discussion

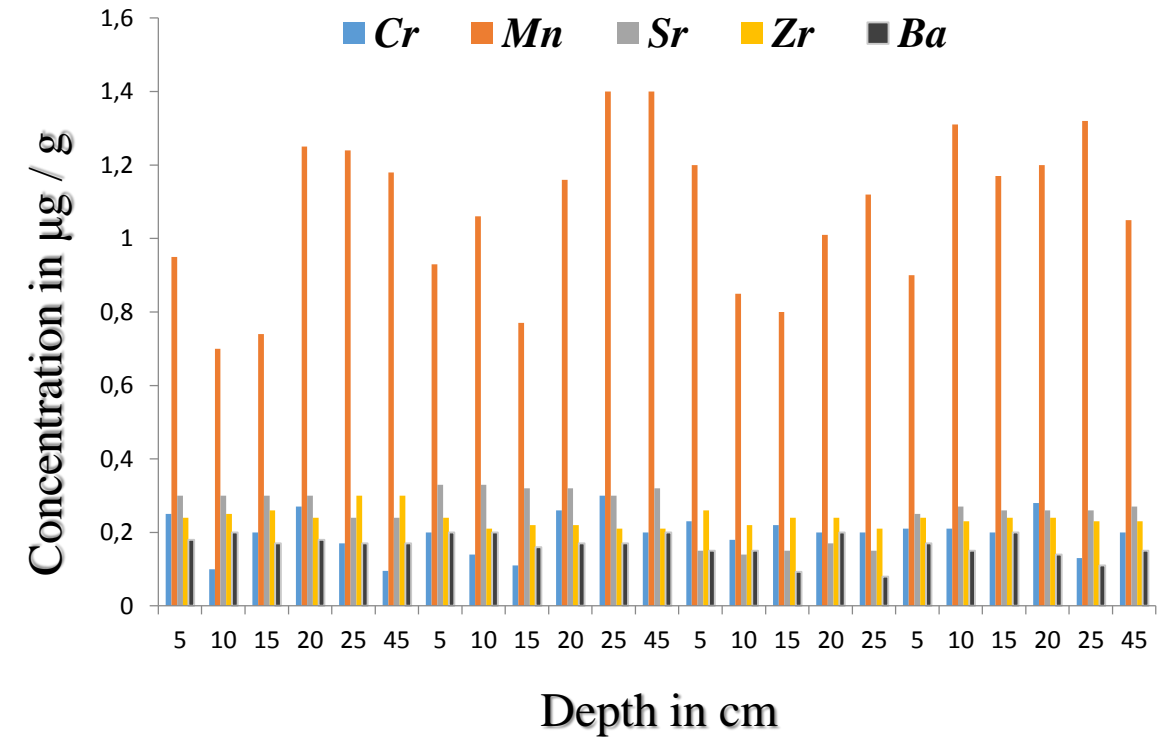
major elements

Uniform



these elements represent the natural composition of soil.

minor elements

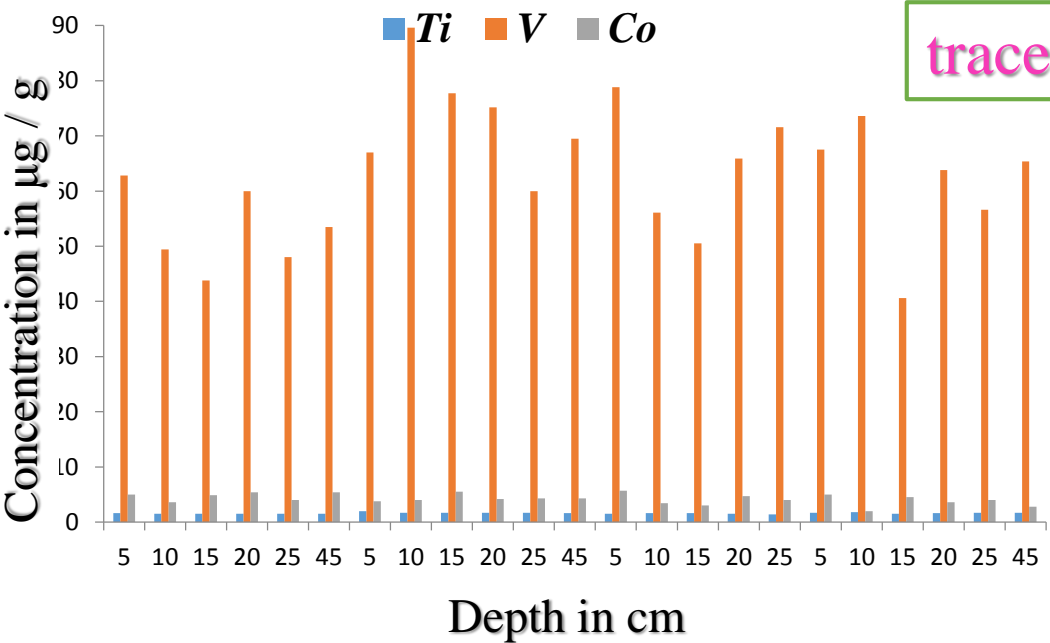
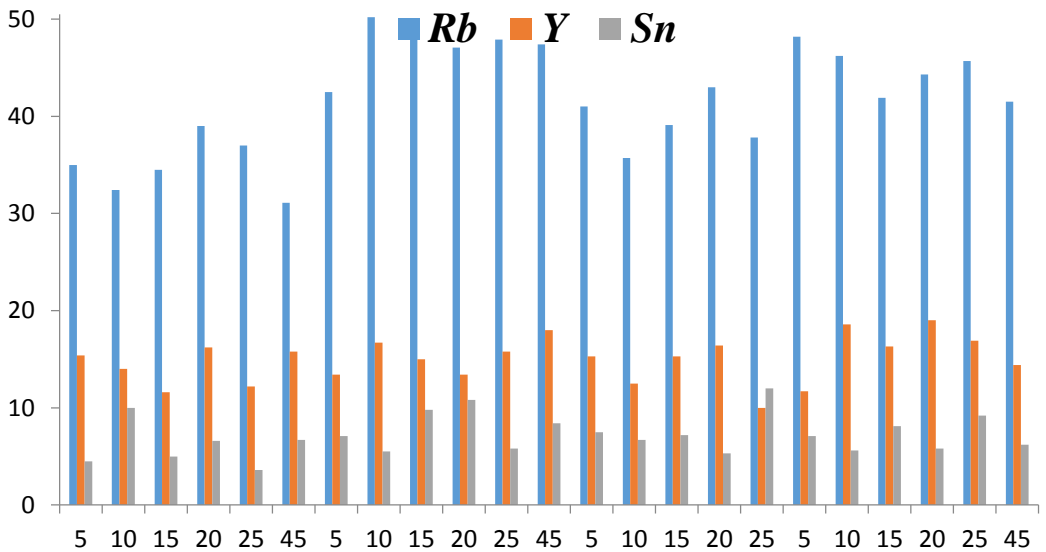


NO sources of pollution detected

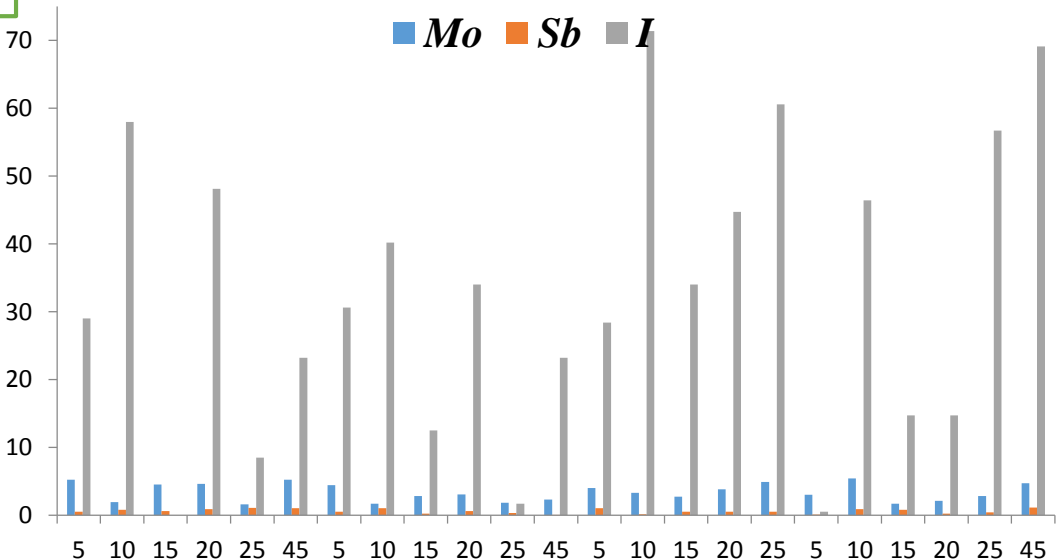
Results & Discussion

the site was not exposed to pollution

Uniform

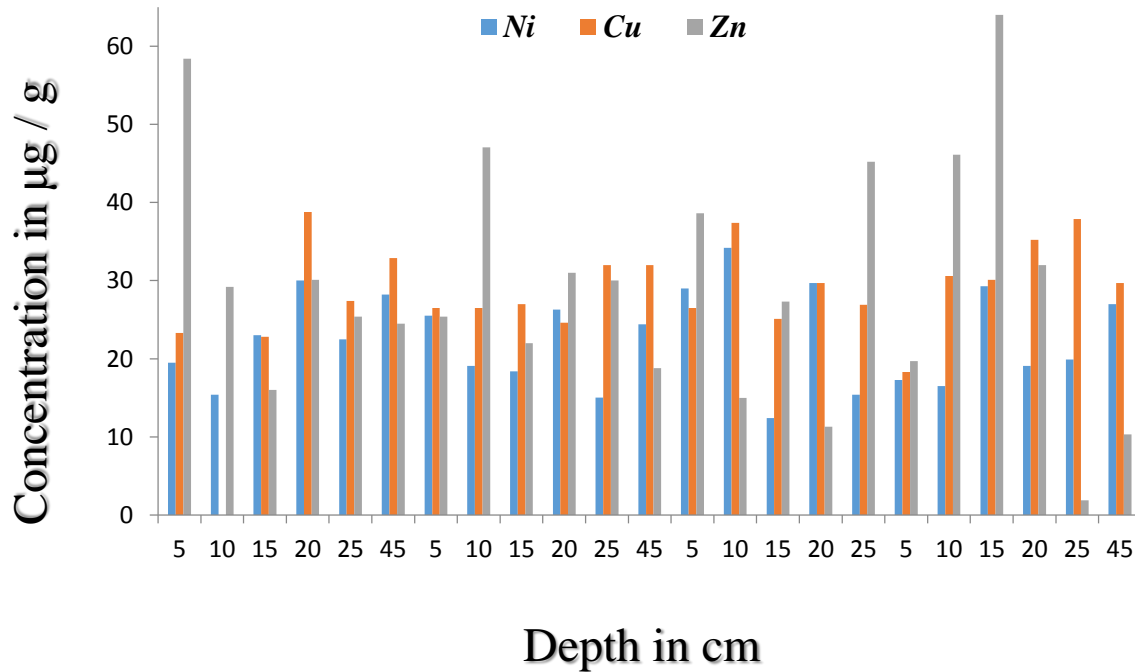


trace elements



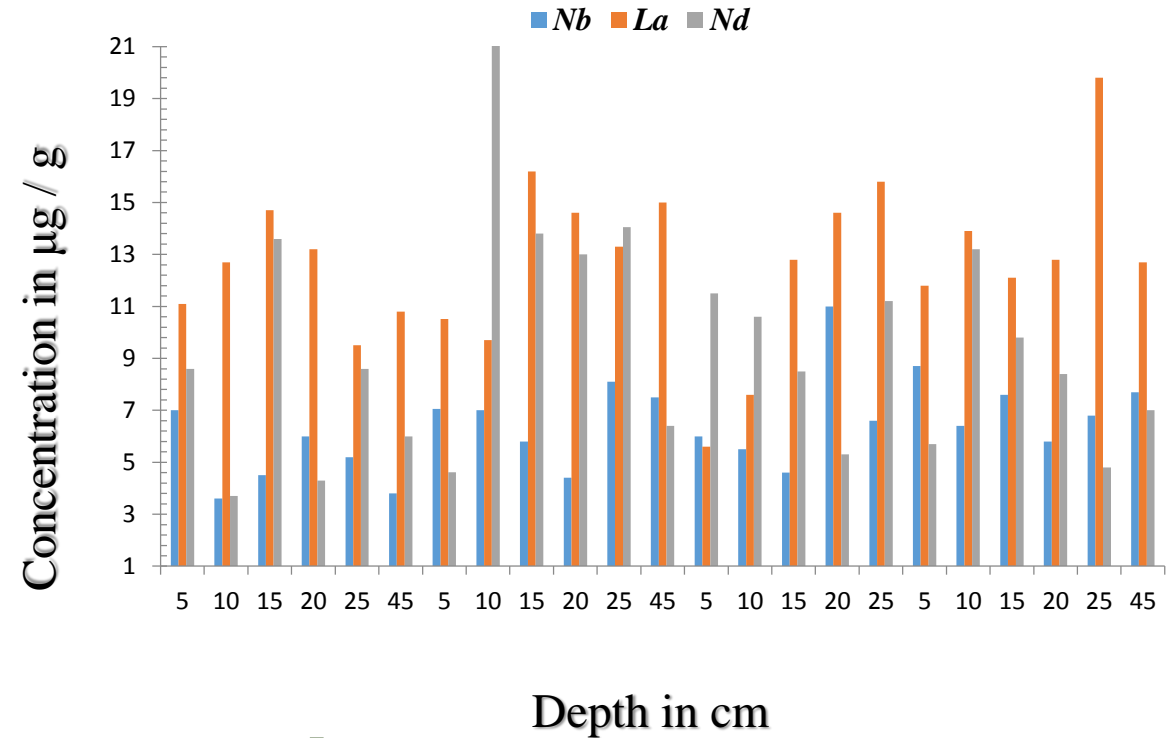
Results & Discussion

Metal elements



Uniform

Rare Earth



**the site was not exposed to
pollution by metallic elements.**

Conclusion

- ☐ The obtained results indicates that the concentrations of major, minor and trace elements in the soils were mainly controlled by natural sources
- ☐ This study could serve as a credible database of the region for future references and do not present any pollution inputs.
- ☐ Further research in other areas of the region would improve the basis for proposing such soil quality standards.





**THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION**